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THE HYBRID OPPOSITION.

READ THE PLATFORMS OF THE RING-STREAKED, STRIPED AND SPOTTED TICKETS, NOMINATED BY THE ABOLITIONISTS!!

☞We again call attention to the annexed exposition of the principles(?) held by the candidates nominated in opposition to those put forth by the Democratic party. Upon the grounds here given, and upon none other, can they ask the votes of the people of Bedford county. They stand before the public as the representatives of the platforms subjoined. They are the endorsers of the shocking oath that follows. They approve of all the heresies of Abolitionism. Read and reflect!

What is K. N. Americanism?

FIRST DEGREE—OBLIGATION.

"You and each of you, of your own free will and accord, in the presence of Almighty God and these witnesses, your right hand resting on this HOLY BIBLE and CROSS, and your left hand raised towards Heaven, in token of your sincerity, do solemnly promise and SWEAR that you will not make known to any person or persons, any of the signs, secrets, mysteries or objects of this organization, unless it be to those whom, after due examination, or lawful information, you shall find to be members of this organization in good standing: That you will not cut, carve, print, paint, stamp, stain, or in any way, directly or indirectly, expose any of the secrets or objects of this Order, nor suffer it to be done by others, if in your power to prevent it, unless it be for official instruction. That so long as you are connected with this organization, if not regularly dismissed from it, you will, in all things, political or social, so far as this order is concerned, comply with the will of the MAJORITY when expressed in a lawful manner, though it may conflict with your personal preferences, so long as it does not conflict with the grand, state, or subordinate constitution, the constitution of the United States of America, or that of the state in which you reside, and that you will not, under any circumstances whatever, knowingly recommend an unworthy person for initiation, nor suffer it to be done if in your power to prevent it. You furthermore promise and declare that you will not VOTE nor give your influence for any man for ANY OFFICE in the gift of the People unless he be an AMERICAN-BORN citizen in favor of AMERICANS-BORN ruling America, nor if he be a ROMAN CATHOLIC, and that you will not, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, expose the NAME of any member of this Order, nor reveal the existence of such an organization! To all the foregoing you bind yourselves under no less a penalty than that of being expelled from the Order, and of having your name posted and circulated throughout the different Councils of the United States as a PERJURER, and as a traitor to GOD and your COUNTRY; as a being unfit to be employed, entrusted countenanced or supported in any business transaction; as a person totally unworthy the confidence of all good men, and as one at whom the finger of SCORN should ever be pointed, so help you God." [This is admitted to be the oath administered by the Know Nothings. Their 2d and 3d obligations are still more blasphemous and fearful.]

The subjoined Ticket stands square upon the above platform:

Governor—Isaac Hazlehurst, Philadelphia.
Canal Commissioner—J. F. Linderman, Berks.
Supreme Judges—Jacob Broom, Jasper E. Brady.

The annexed Ticket adopts this platform with the additional plank that a dissolution of the Union is preferable to allowing the institution of slavery to exist in the South—and that negroes should enjoy all the privileges of the white race, social and political:

Governor—David Wilmot.
Canal Commissioner—William Millward.
Supreme Judges—James Veech, Joseph J. Lewis.

The Ticket which follows, is the child of a "UNION" of the above elements:

Senator— W. H. KOONTZ.
Assembly— S. J. CASTNER, H. C. STEWART.
Prothonotary—JOHN ALSIP.
Sheriff—J. S. BECKWITH.
Treasurer—GEORGE OSTER.
Commissioner—D. SPARKS.
Director—THOMAS IMLER.
Auditor—GEORGE STUCKEY.

HOW THE DEVIL LOST.

The following is to good too be lost. We clip it from an exchange paper, and respectfully call the attention to it of certain persons who feel disposed to spread in the newspaper line:

A young man who ardently desired wealth, was visited by his Satanic majesty, who tempted him to promise his soul for eternity, if he could be supplied on this earth with all the money he could use. The bargain was concluded—the devil was to supply the money, and was at last to have the soul, unless the young man could spend more money than the devil could furnish. Years passed away—the man married, was extravagant in his living, built palaces, speculated widely—lost and gave away fortunes, and yet his coffers were always full.—He turned politician, and bribed his way to power and fame, without reducing his 'pile' of gold. He became a 'fillibuster,' and fitted out ships and armies, but his banker honored all his drafts. He went to St. Paul to live, and paid the usual rates of interest for all the money he could borrow, but though the devil made wry faces when he came to pay the bills, yet they were all paid. One expedient after another failed—the devil counted the time, only two years, that he must wait for the soul, and mocked the efforts of the despairing man. One more trial was resolved upon—the man started a newspaper! The devil growled at the bill at the end of the first quarter, was savage in six months, melancholy in nine, and broke, 'dead broke,' at the end of the year. So the newspaper went down, but the soul was saved.

A DUEL SETTLED BY CASH.—A Frenchman was to fight a duel with an American; the conditions were that but one shot should be exchanged, and the precedence should go by lot. The Frenchman got the first chance, but failed to hit his adversary. As the Yankee lifted his weapon, the other called out:

'Hold, I will buy your shot;'

All were astonished at this, but his opponent answered.

'What will you give?'

'Five hundred pounds!'

'Nonsense!' cried the Yankee, taking aim again. 'I am a good marksman; you set too low a value upon yourself.'

'You estimate me at too high a price; but I will give you a thousand pounds!'

'Agreed!' cried the Yankee and the duel was at an end.

A RILL FROM THE TOWN PUMP.

(Scene—the corner of two principal streets. The Town Pump talking through its nose.)

Noon, by the north clock! Noon by the east! High noon, too by those hot sunbeams, which fall, scarcely aslope, upon my head, and almost make the water bubble and smoke in the trough under my nose. Truly, we public characters have a tough time of it! And among all the towns officers, chosen at March meeting, where is he that sustains, for a single year, the burden of such manifold duties as are imposed, in perpetuity, upon the Town Pump? The title of "Town Treasurer" is rightfully mine, as guardian of the best treasure that the town has. The overseers of the poor ought to make me their chairman, since I provide bountifully for the pauper, without expense to him that pays taxes. I am at the head of the fire department, and one of the physicians to the board of health. As a keeper of the peace, all water drinkers will confess me equal to the constable. I perform some of the duties of the town clerk, by promulgating public notices, when they are pasted on my front. To speak within bounds, I am the chief person of the municipality, and exhibit, moreover, an admirable pattern to my brother officers, by the cool, steady, upright, downright, and impartial discharge of my business, and the constancy with which I stand to my post. Summer or winter, nobody seeks me in vain; for all day long, I am seen at the busiest corner, just above the market, stretching out my arms to rich and poor alike; and at night, I hold a lantern over my head, both to show where I am, and to keep people out of the gutters.

At this sultry noontide I am cupbearer to the parched populace, for whose benefit an iron goblet is chained to my waist. Like a dram-seller on the mall, at muster day, I cry aloud to all and sundry in my plainest accents, and at the very tip-top of my voice—Here it is, gentlemen! Here is the good liquor! Walk up, walk up, gentlemen, walk up, walk up! Here is the superior stuff! Here is the unadulterated ale of father Adam—better than Cognac. Hollands, Jamaca, strong cheer, or wine of any price; here it is by the hogshead or single glass, and not a cent to pay! Walk up, gentlemen, walk up, and help yourselves.

It were a pity if all this outcry should draw no customers. Here they come! A hot day, gentlemen! Quaff, and away again, so as to keep yourselves in a nice cool sweat. You, my friend, will need another cupful, to wash the dust out of your throat, if it be as thick there as it is on your cow-hide shoes. I see that you have trudged half a score of miles to-day; and, like a wise man, have passed by the taverns, and stopped at the running brooks and well-curbs. Otherwise, betwixt heat without and fire within, you would have been burnt to a cinder, or melted down to nothing at all in the fashion of jelly-fish. Drink, and make room for that other fellow, who seeks my aid to quench the fiery fever of last night's potations, which he drained from no cup of mine. Welcome, most rubicund sir! You and I have been great strangers hitherto; nor, to express the truth, will my nose be anxious for a closer intimacy, till the fumes of your breath be a little less potent. Mercy on you, man! the water absolutely hisses down your red-hot gullet, and is converted quite to steam, in the minature Tophet which you mistake for a stomach. Fill again, and tell me, on the word of an honest toper, did you ever in cellar, tavern, or any kind of a dram shop, spend the price of your children's food for a swig half so delicious? Now for the first time these ten years, you know the flavor of cold water. Good-bye; and whenever you are thirsty, remember that I keep a constant supply at the old stand. Who next!—Oh, my little friend, you are let loose from school, and come hither to scrub your blooming face, and drown the memory of certain taps of the ferule, and other school boy troubles, in a draught from the town pump. Take it, pure as the current of your young life. Take it, and may your heart and tongue never be scorched with a fiercer thirst than now! There, my dear child, put down the cup, and yield your place to this elderly gentleman, who treads so tenderly over the stones, that I suspect he is afraid of breaking them. What! he limps by without so much as thanking me, as if my hospitable offers were meant only for people who have no wine-cellars. Well, well sir—no harm done, I hope! Go, draw the cork, tip the decanter! But when your great toe shall set you a-roaring, it will be no affair of mine.—If gentlemen love the pleasant titillation of the gout, it is all one to the Town Pump. The thirsty dog, with his red tongue lolling out, does not scorn my hospitality, but stands on his hind legs, and laps eagerly out of the trough.—See how lightly he capers away again! Jowler, did your worship ever have the gout?

Are you all satisfied? Then wipe your mouths, my good friends; and while my spout has a moment's leisure, I will delight the town with a few historical reminiscences. In far antiquity, beneath a darksome shadow of venerable boughs, a spring bubbled out of the leaf-strown earth, in the very spot where you now behold me on the sunny pavement. The water was as bright and clear, and deemed as precious as liquid diamonds. The Indian Sagamores drank of it from time immemorial, till the fearful deluge of fire water burst upon the red-men, and swept their whole race away from the cold fountains. Endicott and his followers came next, and often knelt down to drink, dipping their long beards in the spring. The richest goblet then was of birch bark.—Governor Winthrop, after a journey afoot from Boston, drank here, out of the hollow of his hand. The elder Higginson here wet his palm, and laid it on the brow of the first town-born child. For many years it was the watering-place, and, as it were, the wash-bowl of the vicinity—whither all decent folks resorted, to purify their visages and gaze at them afterwards—at least the pretty maidens did—in the mirror which it made. On Sabbath days, whenever a babe was too baptized, the sexton filled his basin here, and placed it on the communion table of the humble meeting house, which partly covered the site of yonder stately brick one. Thus one generation after another was consecrated to heaven by its waters, and cast their waxing and waning shadows into its glassy bosom, and vanished from the earth, as if immortal life were but a flitting image in a fountain. Finally the fountain vanished also. Cellars were dug on all sides, and cart-loads of gravel were flung upon its source, whence oozed a turbid stream, forming a mud-puddle at the corner of two streets. In the hot months, when its refreshment was most needed, the dust flew in clouds over the forgotten birth-place of the waters now their grave. But in the course of time, a town pump was sunk into the source of the ancient spring; and when the first decayed, another took its place—and then another, and still another—till here stand I, gentlemen and ladies, to serve you with my iron goblet. Drink and be refreshed! The water is pure and cold as that which slaked the thirst of the red Sagamore beneath the aged bough, though now the gem of the wilderness is treasured under these hot stones where no shadows fall but from the brick buildings. And be it the moral of my story, that as the wasted and long-lost fountain is now known and prized again, so shall the virtues of cold water, too little valued since your father's days, be recognized by all.

Your pardon, good people; I must interrupt my stream of eloquence and spout forth a stream of water, to replenish the trough for this teamster and his yoke of oxen, who have come from Topsfield, or somewhere along that way. No part of my business is pleasanter than the watering of cattle! Look! how rapidly they lower the water-mark on the sides of the trough, till their capacious stomachs are moistened with a gallon or two a-piece, and they can afford time to breathe it in, with sighs of calm enjoyment. Now they roll their eyes around the brim of their monstrous drinking-vessel. An ox is a true toper.

But I perceive, my dear auditors, that you are impatient for the remainder of my discourse. Impute it, I beseech you, to no defect of modesty, if I insist a little longer on so fruitful a topic as my own multifarious merits. It is altogether for your good. The better you think of me, the better men and women will you find yourselves. I shall say nothing of my all-important aid on washing days; though on that account alone, I might call myself the household god of a hundred families. Far be it from me also to hint, my respectable friends, at the show of dirty faces which you would present without my pains to keep you clean. Nor will I remind you how often, when the midnight bells make you tremble for your combustible town, you have fled to the Town Pump, and found me always at my post, firm amid the confusion, and ready to drain my vital current in your behalf. Neither is it worth while to lay much stress on my claims to a medical diploma, as the physician whose simple rule of practice is preferable to all the nauseous lore which has found men sick, or left them so, since the days of Hippocrates. Let us take a broader view of my beneficial influence on mankind.

No; these are trifles compared with the merits which wise men concede to me—if not in my single self, yet as the representative of a class—of being the grand reformer of the age. From my spout and such spouts as mine, must flow the stream that shall cleanse our earth of the vast portion of its crime and anguish, which has gushed from the fiery fountains of the still. In this mighty enterprise the cow shall be my confederate. Milk and water! The *Town Pump* and the *Cow!* Such is the glorious copartnership that shall tear down the distilleries and brew-houses, uproot the vine-yards, shatter the cider-presses, ruin the tea and coffee trade, and finally monopolize the whole business of quenching thirst. Blessed consummation!—Then, Poverty shall pass away from the land, find no hovel so wretched, where no squalid form may shelter itself. Then disease, for lack of other victims, shall gnaw its own heart and die. Then Sin, if she do not die, shall lose half her strength. Until now, the frenzy of hereditary fever has raged in the human blood, transmitted from sire to son, and rekindled, in every generation, by fresh draughts of liquid flame. When that inward fire shall be extinguished, the heat of passion cannot grow cool, and war—the drunkenness of nations—perhaps will cease. At least, there will be no war of households. The husband and wife, drinking deep and peaceful joy—a calm bliss of temperate affections—shall pass hand in hand though life, and lie down, not reluctantly, at its protracted close. To them, the past will be turmoil of mad dreams, nor the future an eternity of such moments as follow the delirium of the drunkard. Their dead faces shall express what their spirits were, and are to be, by a lingering smile of memory and hope.

Ahem! Dry work, this speechifying; especially to an unpracticed orator. I never conceived, till now, what toil the temperance lecturers undergo for my sake. Hereafter, they shall have the business to themselves. Do, some kind Christian, pump a stroke or two, just to wet my whistle. Thank you, sir! My dear hearers, when the world shall have been regenerated by my instrumentality, you will collect your useless vats and liquor casks into one great pile, and make a bon-fire in honor of the Town Pump. And when I shall have decayed, like my predecessors, then, if you revere my memory, let a marble fountain, richly sculptured, take my place upon the spot. Such monuments should be erected everywhere, and inscribed with the names of the distinguished champions of my cause. Now listen; for something very important is to come next.

There are two or three honest friends of mine—and true friends I know they are—who nevertheless, by their fiery pugnacity in my behalf, do put me in a fearful hazard of a broken nose, or even a total overthrow upon the pavement, and the loss of a treasure which I guard. I pray you, gentlemen, let this fault be amended. Is it decent, think you, to get tipsy with zeal for temperance, and take up the honorable cause of the Town Pump, in the style of a toper fighting for his brandy bottle? Or can the excellent qualities of cold water be no otherwise exemplified than by plunging, slap dash into hot water, and woefully scalding yourself and other people? Trust me, they may. In the moral warfare which you are to wage—and indeed in the whole conduct of your lives—you choose a better example than myself, who have never permitted the dust and sultry atmosphere, the turbulent and manifold disquietudes of the world around me, to reach that deep calm well of purity, which may be called my soul, it is to cool earth's fever, or cleanse its stains.

One o'clock! Nay, then, if the dinner-bell begins to speak, I may as well hold my peace. Here comes a pretty young girl of my acquaintance, with a large stone pitcher for me to fill. May she draw a husband, while drawing her water, as Rachel did of old! Hold out your vessel, my dear! There it is, full to the brim; so now run home, peeping at your sweet image in the pitcher as you go; and forget not, in a glass of my own liquor, to drink—"SUCCESS TO THE TOWN PUMP!"—*Hawthorne.*

SHOOTING PIGEONS WITHOUT SHOT.

A correspondent at Chillicothe, Ohio, under date of February 25, records the following anecdote as a veritable fact:

A week or two since the woods and feeding lots around this city were 'perfectly alive' with pigeons—as indeed they are every fall and spring. Among the many who seized their double barreled guns and rushed to the slaughter was my friend K———k, from Bucks county an eager sportsman; so eager upon this occasion, indeed, that after driving at 2: 40 speed some five or six miles out from the town, and seeing his horse properly put away, he discovered with dismay that he had left his shot bag at home! Here was a dilemma for you! And to make the incident intolerable, the morning was simply perfect, and the birds setting and rising in clouds! What was to be done? That was a question upon which Sam exhausted his ingenuity, without arriving at any satisfactory conclusion. Having gyrated two or three times around the eighty acre lot, to the music of some profane exclamations, he became calm enough to make up his mind for the return trip pigeonless. Just at that moment he saw another sportsman drive up to the fence near by, and soon recognized Capt. R———. 'Ah, how lucky!' thought Sam; 'I can beg, buy, or borrow some shot of him. But—but—what if he has a short supply, and declines a divide in view of the multitude of birds? Ah! I have an idea!'

'Good morning, Capt———. A beautiful morning this, for shooting; and the pigeons are as thick as blackberries.'

'Coot'n morgen, Herr K———k,' responded the new comer, who is one of the most gentlemanly, but not one of the sharpest of kraut and sausage consumers; 'me think we have plenty of shooten dis day.'

'Yes, plenty of sport, Captain. But I say, Cap., do you see you coffee nut tree at the edge of the timber? its big leaves still hanging, look like pigeons. Now that tree will attract all the birds to light upon it. 'S'pose we build a blind there, and shoot together to-day? We can take in a thousand or two I guess.'

'Very coot, Herr K———k,' responded the German, and in a few minutes the cornstalk blind was erected, and the sportsmen ensconced behind it, ready for business.

On came the long line of birds, circling around the feeding ground for a moment, and then settling upon the coffee nut tree in tens, fifties, hundreds.

'All ready now, Captain?' whispered Sam.

'Yah' answered the excited captain.

'Fire to them, then'—bang! bang! went both guns and a dozen birds were fluttering on the ground beneath the tree, besides two or three that sailed off wounded and were lost.

'Pretty well done!' exclaimed Sam. 'But let them lie, Captain, we will gather up the spoils when we get tired of killing.'

And so they shot all day long, Sam taking especial pains to fire simultaneously with R; and when on one or two occasions, he accidentally fired alone, the 'd——d gun hung fire,' or 'something got in his eye just as he pulled the trigger,' and resulted in a clear miss. In the evening they divided some one hundred and forty birds between them, and drove home in high glee over their good sport and heavy game bags. To this hour, the captain has not learned the fact that Sam did not fire a charge of shot all that day.

HE DRINKS.—How that sentence falls on the ear! How the dark shadows of coming despair settle on the hearts of those whose life is bound up in his life! How his mother prays he may not become a drunkard; and his sisters hope he is sowing a few wild oats. But the old men see further and shake their heads when they hear—he drinks! Young men, standing on the threshold of life, buoyant in hope and untried energy, don't drink! Your character, success and happiness in life—your immortal destinies beyond life are all at stake. Don't drink! 'Look not upon the wine when it giveth its color in the cup; for at last it biteth like the serpent and stingeth like the adder.'

HOW TO GET A HAT.—'Say Pomp, you nigger, whar you get dat new hat?'

'Why, at de shop, of course.'

'What is de price of such an article as dat?'

'I don't know, nigger—I don't know; *de shop keeper wasn't dar.*'

☞More pleasing than dew-drops that sparkle upon the roses, are tears that pity gathers upon the cheek of beauty.

THE POWER OF MUSIC.

In looking over an old newspaper, printed several years ago, I came across this beautiful piece, which struck me as being true to nature:

"'Couldn't cos he sung so!' Leaning idly over a fence a few days since, we noticed a little four-year old 'lord of creation,' amusing himself in the grass by watching the frolicsome flight of birds; which were playing around him. At length a beautiful bobalink perched on a bough of an apple tree, which extended within a few yards of the place where the boy sat, and maintained his position, apparently unconscious of his close proximity to one whom birds usually consider a dangerous neighbor.

"The boy seemed astonished at his impudence, and, after regarding him steadily for a minute or two, obeying the instinct of his baser part, he picked up a stone lying at his feet, and was preparing to throw it, steadying himself for a good aim. The little arm was drawn backwards without alarming the bird, and 'bob' was 'within an ace' of danger, when lo! his throat swelled, and forth came nature's plea;—'a-link, a-link, a-link, bob-a-link, a-non-sweet, a-no-sweet! I know it, I know it, a-link, a-link, don't throw it, throw it, throw it, &c.,—and he didn't. Slowly the little arm fell to its natural position, and now the despised stone dropped. The minstrel charmed the murderer! We heard the songster through, and watched his unharmed flight, as did the boy with a sorrowful countenance. Anxious to hear an expression of the little fellow's feelings, we approached him, and inquired: 'Why, didn't you stone him, my boy? you might have killed him and carried him home.'

"The poor little fellow looked up doubtingly as though he suspected our meaning, and, with an expression, half shame, and half sorrow, he replied:

"'*Couldn't cos he sung so!*'"

Who will say that music hath no charms to soothe the savage breast, or aver that God hath not made melody to move the purer fountain of our nature, to awaken those sympathies that are kindred to heaven, the angels, and to God himself. Let the sweet tones of the music break upon the ears of the dull school boy, and he will awake with life and energy. Pour the notes of melody into the ears of a wilful child and you disarm him; the stone will fall from his heart, and he will become obedient and attentive. Let music be first to break the silence of the school room in the morning, and the chords of young hearts that are put in motion will continue to vibrate during the day. Happy will be the time, when not only the tones of our school-bells can be heard all over the land, but when the notes of our school children, in the morning, breaking upon the silent atmosphere along the Atlantic coast in the East, shall reverberate along the Gulf of Mexico, and the echo be heard in California.'

SPEAK KINDLY TO YOUR MOTHER.

Young man, speak kindly to your mother, and courteously, tenderly of her. But a little time, and you shall see her no more forever.—Her eye is dim, her form is bent, and her shadow falls toward the grave. Others may love you fondly; but never again while time is yours, shall any one's love be to you as that of your old, trembling, weakened mother has been.

Through helpless infancy her throbbing breast was your safe protection and support; in wayward, testy boyhood, she bore patiently with your thoughtless rudeness: she pursued you safely through a legion of ills and maladies.

Her hand bathed your burning brow, or moistened your parched lips; her eyes lighted up the darkness of nightly vigils, watching sleepless by your side as none but her could watch. O, speak not her name lightly, for you cannot live so many years as would suffice to thank her fully. Through reckless and impatient youth, she is your counsellor and solace. To a bright manhood she guides your steps to improvement; nor ever forsakes nor forgets.—Speak gently, then, and reverently of your mother; and when you, too, shall be old, it shall in some degree lighten the remorse which shall be yours for other sins, to know that never wantonly have you outraged the respect due to your aged mother.

☞'My son,' said an indulgent father to an only representative of himself, 'you should always think three times before you speak.'

One day as the father and son were standing at the fire, the former's coat tail caught fire without his noticing it.

The son though he would 'think a little' and said:

'Father, I think.'

'Well, what my son?'

'But father, I think.'

'What do you think?'

'Why, father, I think your coat tails on fire,' cried he, getting out of the room for fear of feeling his father's boot.

☞'What is the matter, sir,' said a druggist. 'Well, I have eaten some oysters, and I guess that is the trouble.' 'Have you eaten anything else?' Well, no—why, yes, I did, too—that is, I took for my tea a mince pie, four bottles of ale, and two glasses of gin, and I have eaten the oysters since, and I really believe the oysters wasn't good for me!'

☞A man's impressions are often involuntarily betrayed by his almost unconscious exclamations upon his encountering something strange and unexpected. Running against a surprise, is much like running against a post—it forces the breath out of your mouth before you have time to consider how you shall modulate it.

☞The woman who made a pound of butter from the cream of a joke, and a cheese from the milk of human kindness, has since washed the close of a year and hung 'em to dry on a bee line.

A SOFT PLACE.

"I was down to see the widow yesterday," said Tim's uncle, "and she gave me back-bones for dinner. I went down rather early in the morning; we talked, and laughed, and chatted and run on, she going out and in occasionally to see to things till dinner was ready, when she helped me graciously to back-bones. Now I took it as a sympton of personal approbation, because everybody knows I love back bones, and I flattered myself that she had cooked them on purpose for me. So I grew particularly cheerful, and I thought I could see it in her too. So, after dinner, while sitting close beside the widow. I fancied we both felt sorter comfortable like—I know I did. I felt that I had fallen head and ears and heart in love with her, and I imagined, from the way she looked she had fallen teeth and toe-nails in love with me. She appeared just for all the world like she thought it was a coming, and I was going to court her. Presently, I could'nt help it, I laid my hand softly upon her beautiful shoulder, and I remarked, when I had placed it there, in my blandest tone, Tim, for I had tried to throw my whole soul in the expression, I remarked then with my eyes pouring love, truth, and fidelity right into her, 'Widow, this is the nicest, softest place I ever had my hand, in all my life.'

"Looking benevolently at me, and at the same time flushing up a little, she said, in melting and winning tones: 'Doctor, give me your hand, and I'll put it on a much softer place.'

"In a moment of rapture I consented, and taking my hand she gently, very gently, Tim, and quietly laid it on my head—and burst into a laugh that's ringing in my ears yet.

"Now, Tim, I havn't told this to a living soul but you, and by jinks! you musn't; but I could not hold it any longer, so I tell you: but mind, it musn't go any further.—*Spirit of the Times.*

Cooke, the tragedian, was in the habit of giving orders to a widow lady, who was once sitting in the pits with her little girl, when their friend, the performer, was about to be stabbed by his stage rival. Roused by the supposed imminence of his danger, the girl started up, exclaiming, "Oh! don't kill him, sir—don't kill him, for, if you do, he won't give us any more pit orders!" Her disinterested grief, like the gratitude of some people, was a lively sense of benefits to come.

A fast young man, returning elated from an evening's carouse, spied a portly figure shivering in the cold. He clasped the lone damsel in his arms, kissed her smooth, icy face, and sympathizingly inquired why she ventured out "without her bonnet?" An observant policeman saw him hugging the round-headed cast iron "pillar-post" erected there the previous morning.

☞Two weeks ago a vagabond was convicted in Illinois of stealing two watches. He made a pathetic speech after his conviction, ascribing his failure in business and all his misfortunes in life, to 'procrastination.' He seems to have been the embodiment of procrastination, which, the poet tells us, is 'the thief of time.'

SHOCKING CATASTROPHE.—A romantic father whose name was Rose, called his daughter "Wild," so that she grew up under the appellation of "Wild Rose." But in a few years the girl fell in love with and married a man named Bull, which sadly interfered with the romance of the lady's name, "Wild Bull!"

One of the newspapers inquires with much seeming innocence, if it is any harm for young ladies to sit in the laps of ages. Somebody answers that it probably depends on the kind of ages selected—those from eighteen to twenty-five being rather hazardous.

☞James Lambart, a young Englishpedestrian, has accomplished at Boston, the wonderful feat of walking a 1000 miles in a thousand hours. He walked the last mile in 14 minutes and 10 seconds; and then ran several times around the track.

☞'Keep your best foot foremost,' says the adage. But, if there is any difference between a man's feet, and he keeps the best foremost all the time, he must either stand still forever, or move very awkwardly.

☞The captain of a Western band of regulators boast that he has 'fifty picked men' under his command. If they are not careful, they may get tarred and feathered, and then they will need picking again.

The botanists tell us that there is no such thing in nature as a black flower. We suppose they never heard of the "Coal Black Rose."

☞Why is a chicken running like a man whipping his wife? Because it's a fowl proceeding. No, because he's trotting her through.

The saying that there is more pleasure in giving than receiving, is supposed to apply chiefly to kicks, medicine and advice.

When an orator raves about love of country, half the time he means love of talking and the other half love of pocket.

Why are potatoes and corn like certain sinners of old? Because having eyes they see not, and having ears they hear not.

A coquette is a rose-bush, from which each young beau plucks a leaf, and the thorns are left for the husband.

Young men who would prosper in love should woo gently. It is not fashionable for young ladies to take *ardent spirits.*

"Are you mate of the ship?" asked an emigrant of the cook, who was an Irishman. "No sir; I'm the man who cooks the *mate.*"

"Do you enjoy good health?" "Yes," was the reply, "who dosen't!"

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Sept. 18, 1857.

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

Democratic State Nominations.

GOVERNOR:

Gen. Wm. F. Packer,

Of Lycoming County.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:

Hon. Nimrod Strickland,

Of Chester County.

SUPREME JUDGE:

Hon. Wm. Strong,

Of Berks County.

Hon. James Thompson,

Of Erie County.

SENATOR,

William P. Schell, of Bedford.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSEMBLY,

JAMES BURNS, Jr., of Bedford.
DAVID HAY, of Somerset.

Prothonotary—SAML. H. TATE, Bedford.
Sheriff—WM. S. FLUKE, M. Woodberry.
Treasurer—SAML. DAVIS, Bedford.
Commissioner—C. EVANS, E. Providence.
Director—GEO. SMOUSE, W. Providence.
Auditor—JOHN W. CRISMAN, St. Clair.

TOWNSHIP MEETINGS.

At a meeting of the BUCHANAN CLUB of Bedford Borough on Saturday evening, 12th inst., it was unanimously "Resolved, That it is deemed expedient to hold Democratic Township Meetings, in all the Townships of Bedford County, prior to the 2d Tuesday of October. In accordance with this resolution, the County Committee announces the following appointments and trust to the Township Committees to make all the necessary arrangements to get a full turn out of the people:

Bloody Run, Friday evening, September	18
Black's, E. Prov. Tp. Saturday, Sept.	19
Schellsburg, Saturday, Septemcer	19
Stonerstown, Tuesday, September	22
Pattonsville, Wednesday, September	23
Louisville, John Wiand's, Thursday, Sept.	24
Clearville, Friday, September	25
Chaneysville, Saturday, September	26
St. Clairsville, Saturday, September	26
Rainsburg, Tuesday, September	29
Buena Vista, Tuesday, September	29
Flitchville, Wednesday, September	30
Bowser's School-House, Tuesday ev., October,	1
Pleasantville near Big Spring, Friday, Oct.	2
Robinsonville, Saturday, Oct.	3
Cavendar's Store, Saturday evening, October	3

Able speakers will be present to address the above meetings, all of which will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., except those at Bloody Run, Bowser's School House, and Cavendar's Store, which will commence at early candle-light. Other meetings will be held to occupy the whole time, notice of which will be given hereafter.

WM. P. SCHELL,
Chairman County Committee.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

During the last Presidential campaign, Wm. H. Koontz, and Francis Jordan, were employed in making Fillmore speeches at various points in this county, and were then recognised as the stump orators, *par excellence*, of the "American" party in this region. At the same time, Alexander King, S. L. Russell, and John H. Filler, were the Fremont speakers, and the champions of what they called "Republicanism," being also the bitter enemies of "Americanism." Now we see all these men, Koontz, Jordan, King, Russell and Filler, announced in conjunction with each other to address the Wilmot meetings that are to be held throughout the county. We are naturally led to inquire what this means. The mystery is easily solved. Koontz and Jordan, who were so loud in their declarations of fidelity to "Americanism," flattering themselves that, as they were successful in gulling the "American" party of this county into voting the *Fremont Electoral Ticket*, last Fall, they will be able again to delude them into supporting the enemy of Fillmore, *have gone over* to the Fremont speakers, King, Russell, and Filler, to assist them in building up the Abolition party—the party against which Mr. Fillmore again and again warned his fellow citizens. That is what it means and nothing else.

MAJOR DAVIS.

The above named gentleman, the Democratic nominee for Treasurer of Bedford county, has been visiting different parts of the county, and we are glad to hear, has made a very favorable impression wherever he has gone. The Major is a man with whom one needs only become thoroughly acquainted to like and respect him. He is emphatically *one of the people*; a man who hides under a careless exterior, a warm and honest heart. His past life has built up such a character for him as will pass through the slanderous assaults of his political enemies, unspotted and unscathed. The fierceness and insidiousness with which they are secretly working against him, shows plainly enough that they believe him invincible in a fair and open fight. When they find that the Democratic party of Bedford county, is determined to hurl back the insult offered it by asking some of its members to vote for that representative of Know Nothing Abolitionism, Mr. George Oster, and when they see, as they will see, that party present an unbroken front, in suppport of Maj. Davis, then will their despair be black indeed, for every hope of success that ever cheered their sorrowing hearts, will have taken its flight.

☞Let it be remembered that every man on the opposition County Ticket, is a supporter of David Wilmot, the man, who, the Whigs said in 1846, would "stink forever in the nostrils of every true-hearted Pennsylvanian." This cannot be denied. Will any of the opposition candidates dare to say that he will not vote for David Wilmot for Governor, and that he is a supporter of Isaac Hazlehurst? We challenge them to do so. The candidate for Poor House Director, Thomas Imler, said a short time ago, that he was in favor of Mr. Hazlehurst, but on being interrogated on the subject by the abolitionists, remarked that he was "only in fun when he said so." The truth is, neither he, nor any of the men on his ticket, dare define their positions, as to whether they are for Wilmot, or Hazlehurst.

DEMOCRATIC PROPHECIES FULFILLED.

THE "AMERICAN" PARTY DRAGGED INTO ABOLITIONISM AND ITS LEADERS THE SUPPORTERS OF THE ABOLITION CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR!!

Last Fall the charge was made that the Fillmore party of Bedford county, would be disposed of by its venal leaders, for the benefit of Fremont and Abolitionism. For doing this, Democrats were pronounced liars and scoundrels, and the vials of Abolition wrath were poured out upon their heads in unceasing streams. Nevertheless, the result at the November election, proved the charge to have been well-founded, and verified the prophecy to the very letter. Notwithstanding the repeated assurances given by the Fillmore leaders, both from the stump and through their newspaper organ, that they would remain steadfast in their support of the "American" candidate, Election day found them voting and working for the "Union Electoral Ticket," planned by Fremont wire-workers, and gotten up for the special benefit of the Abolitionists and their candidate. The speakers of the Fillmore party, made it a point particularly to deny that they were in league with the Fremont faction.—They were unsparing in their denunciations of those who charged them with being in favor of the election of that candidate. They insisted that they were Fillmore men and nothing else. But, mark the end! Two of those speakers, Francis Jordan and Wm. H. Koontz, after having endorsed the *Straight Fillmore Ticket*, after having made the loudest professions of attachment to the interests of Mr. Fillmore, when the election came on, turned around and became the uncompromising advocates of the "*Union Electoral Ticket*," composed of Fremont electors, with Fillmore's name at the head, as a "blind!" Another of the Fillmore speakers, and one who took a very active part in the last campaign, Dr. Compher, now says that the Fillmore party was sold out last Fall to the Fremonters—"sold," to use the strong language employed by the Doctor, "like sheep in the shambles!" Here, then, is the proof, drawn not only from their conduct in turning from the *Straight Fillmore Ticket*, (which they kept standing at the mast-head of their organ until within a short time of the election, and which they had approved time and again,) to the support of the *Fremont Ticket*, but directly given in the declarations of one of their own leading men, establishing clearly and incontrovertibly the truth of the charge made by the Democrats that the Fillmore men of Bedford county would be humbugged into voting for John C. Fremont. If evidence were wanting that this infamous trickery was accomplished, it would only be necessary to advert to the fact that the two principal Fillmore speakers that last Fall canvassed this county, are now warmly supporting for Governor, the right hand man of John C. Fremont, in Pennsylvania, and who was also one of the men that signed and published the call for the Convention which met at Philadelphia, and nominated Fremont in opposition to Fillmore, David Wilmot, the Bradford Abolitionist. These Fillmore speakers, Messrs. Koontz and Jordan, are now, where the Democrats predicted last Fall, they would be, in the ranks of Abolitionism. The Fillmore candidate, Mr. Hazlehurst, has no charms for them. They are for Wilmot, the pimp of Horace Greeley, who denounced Fillmore as a traitor to his country! They are for the doctrines of which Fremont was the representative in the last campaign, and which Fillmore declared to be fraught with danger to the best interests of the nation.—Should not men, therefore, who respect themselves, turn away from them in disgust, and give a deaf ear to their reckless asseverations? Should they not be met when they come with promises like those made by them last fall, and which they did not fulfil, with that contempt which their shameless conduct so richly merits? Citizens of Bedford county, be warned against their political quackery! Measure these men by the standard of their past deeds, and teach them that they cannot foist their sophisms upon you with impunity.

☞The organ of the Plug Uglies in our neighbor county of Somerset, is very cross on account of the opposition made by us to its candidate for Senator because of his Abolitionism. It says that we oppose Koontz on the ground of his being an Abolitionist, whilst in Somerset county his opponents urge as an objection to his claims, his connection with the order of Know Nothings. We would ask the Somerset *Plug*, how can we help doing this, when Koontz is one thing here and another there—when he pretends to be an "American" with "Americans" and an Abolitionist with Abolitionists? It is our privilege to shoot at the General on either horse, whether he bestrides the coal-black, negro-skinned, wind-broken, spavin-heeled charger of Abolitionism, or whether he ambles along on the snorting, stamping, prancing Rosinante of Know Nothingism: and the said General's past political life, is a perfect magazine of powder and shot from which we can draw ammunition for the broad-sides which, if he does not ride his *two horses* very straight, will be poured into him.

ABOLITIONISTS, FACE THE MUSIC!

The Washington *Union*, says an opportunity is now afforded the Abolition philanthropists to reduce their theories to practice. A Mr. Jenkins, through one of the Selma (Alabama) papers, proposes to sell 733 Slaves at an average of $700 each to the compensatory emancipationists who recently held a national convention at Cleveland, Ohio. They are to remove them in twenty days, beyond the limits of the *Slave* States, and provide for all their wants twelve months afterwards. Now then, let us see whether these pretended friends of the black man will face the music.

DEMOCRATS, TO THE RESCUE!

Election day is fast approaching. A few more weeks will bring us upon its threshold. Are you prepared, fellow Democrats, for the contest? Have you girded on your armor for the fight, and brightened up your arms for the battle? If not, see that you do so.—See that you are ready to meet your foe. See that every soldier in the cause of Democracy, does his duty.—Make new conscripts on your rolls. Make old ones fresh in their ardor. Let no energy of mind, or body, flag in the vindication of our glorious principles. Let no man depend on his neighbor for that which he should do himself. Remember the old patriotic aphorism—"Eternal Vigilance is the price of Liberty." Remember that a triumphant victory awaits us—but only if we all do our duty. Therefore, rally to your Township meetings! Work for the doctrines and candidates of your party! And above all, see that every man of you turn-out to the polls on the Second Tuesday of October.

WHAT IS THE REASON?

The Abolitionists head their call for Township Meetings, "Political Meetings," not daring to call them *Wilmot Meetings*. What is the reason of this? Are they afraid there will be too many Hazlehurst men present at those meetings to justify them in calling them Wilmot meetings, or are they in the market again to be sold as the Fillmore men were last Fall, like sheep in the shambles?

THE BRIBERY OF FILLMORE EDITORS BY GOV. FORD.

The *Daily News*, the organ of the American party in Pennsylvania, is very severe upon the editors who last Fall changed from Fillmore to Fremont. It keeps the gentlemen who were bought by the Fremont agent, Gov. Ford, and others who were bribed in a different way and by different Fremont pursers, continually in "hot water." It taunts them with bitterest sarcasms, and when they pick up courage enough to reply, it laughs at them "consumedly." We copy the following interesting *morceau* from *its* columns, which, we have no doubt, will operate to the extreme delectation of our readers:

Another Man on the Anxious Bench.—The editor of the Lewistown Gazette, who last year started out for Fillmore, then for Fremont and finally for fusion, is anxious to know whether his paper is on the Ford list now in the possession of Mr. Swoope. He makes all sorts of protestations of his innocence, and after going on to say what hard names he will call any one who accuses him of having been bribed, winds up as follows:—"Let the list be published, and the parties made known, so that justice may be done to all; and we pledge ourselves, so far as the Gazette is concerned, if it will appear that Gov. Ford has set us down among the number, we will spend something to know what he has done with the money." As Mr. Swoope has this job on hand, and is abundantly able to satisfy the public, we can only assure the Gazette man that his curiosity will be satisfied in due time, and that he will probably have a chance to "spend something" to find out what Ford did with the money. There is rare sport ahead.—The publication of the Ford list we apprehend, will stir up a pretty kettle of fish. When rogues are once brought at loggerheads, then honest men will get their dues.

H. C. STEWART, ONE OF THE ABOLITION CANDIDATES, FOR ASSEMBLY, FOR THIS DISTRICT. WHAT HE IS THOUGHT OF AT HOME.

The Somerset *Democrat*, of the 9th inst., in an editorial on the reckless stories and fabrications which were set afloat by the opposition in that county, during the last campaign, holds the following language in reference to H. C. Stewart, the Abolition-Know-Nothing candidate for Assembly from Somerset county, whose propensities for falsification are the "common talk" of all his neighbors:

Another story, which did our cause some injury, was that charging that the democratic pole at Meyer's Mill was sprinkled by members of our party, after its erection, with "holy water!" This barefaced lie, this mean, dirty, unmanly and "niggerly" charge, claims parentage of that beautiful pink of political rascality, H. C Stewart the Plug Ugly nominee for the Legislature. He was the only member of that party in the county degraded enough, so steeped in falsehood and iniquity as to imagine it and give it the start, and others, better reputed for honesty and truth, gave it that impetus which his reputation would have prevented him from doing. If there is any one bad trait in a man's character, which we abhor more than another, it is his greedy appetite for falsehood, which makes him not only its retailer, but likewise the concoctor of the lowest and most malicious fabrications. This is one of Stewart's frailties, perhaps his greatest, and we, therefore, consider him a dangerous personage and utterly unworthy of any honest man's support. Were he a member of the Anti-Know Nothing party, (which God be thanked he is not,) with all his present stains upon his character, he never could receive our support for the most trifling position. We loathe, abhor and despise a liar, and, therefore, such is our state of mind towards Henry C. Stewart.

The Democratic Nomination for Senator.

It will be seen by reference to the proceedings of the Democratic Senatorial Conference, held at Bedford on the 31st ult., published in our paper of to-day, that WILLIAM P. SCHELL, Esq., of Bedford county, has received the nomination of that body for Senator. We feel strong in the belief, that no better selection could have been made. Mr. Schell is a first rate man, possessed of fine talents, a fluent and logical debater, and decidedly popular with the people. In his case, strange as it may seem in these degenerate times, the office is seeking the man, as he had no ambition or desire for official honors or emoluments. Unlike his office-seeking opponent, General Koontz, he made no effort to obtain a nomination, and was unaware of it until it was publicly announced. It was a free-will offering of his democratic fellow-citizens, and we have assurances that he will accept the nomination so spontaneously tendered, and devote himself thoroughly to the work before him. We are told that the announcement of his nomination at the Democratic meeting in Bedford on the same evening, was received with thunders of applause and every demonstration of joy. He is a favorite son of the people of that county and they will roll up for him a heavy majority in October. The Opposition will find in the democratic nominee a man not easily defeated, and one much the superior in every respect of their own candidate.—*Somerset Democrat.*

New Advertisements.

Public Sale
OF
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court, of Bedford County, the subscriber will sell, at Public Sale, at the late residence of Elias Ritz, Esq., in Clearville, on Saturday the 24th day of October, 1857, all the Real Estate of said deceased, to wit:

One lot of ground fronting 60 feet on Maine street, and extending back about 173 feet, with a new two story Frame House and Log Stable thereon erected, adjoining an alley on the East, a lot of Lucy Gillam on the west, in the town of Clearville, Monroe township, Bedford county, Pa.

ALSO one other lot of ground in said townshtp, containing 1½ acres, more or less, all cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Philip Grubb, Joseph Barkhimer and others.

Sale to commence at oneo' clock, P. M.

JAMES CARNELL,
Adm'r. of the Estate of
Elias Ritz, dec'd.

Sept. 18, 1825.

School Notice.

The *Public Schools* of the Borough of Bedford will be opened on Monday the 2d day of November next. There will be wanted two Male and three Female Teachers, also a Male or Female to take charge of the Negro School—Applicants must be examined and procure proper certificates from the *County Superintendent* at the time advertised, 21th October, none otbers need apply—The Board will expect to contract with teachers on the 25th October. By order of the Board,

JNO. P. REED, Sec'y.

Sept. 18, 1887.

WHITE PINE LUMBER FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has a large lot of Shingles and dry Boards, for Sale at the following prices. Lap Shingles $5,00 per thousand, Joint Shingles 4,00 do.—Boards 1,00 per hundred.

West End, 17 miles West of Bedford, on the Glade Road. LOUIS N. FYAN.

Sept. 18, 1857.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary having been granted to the subscriber, upon the Estate of Jacob Riffle, late of Juniata Township, in the County of Bedford, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to the same, are requested to make immediate payment. The subscriber will meet all persons interested, for the above purposes, at the late residence of decedent, from the 22d to the 26th of September instant.

JOHN C. RIFFLE, Admr.

Sept. 18, 1857.

SAUSAGE MEAT CUTTERS, CORN SHELLERS, &C.,

REMEMBER that Blymire & Hartley keep the best Machines of all descriptions, ever offered to the people of Bedford County. Their *Sausage Meat Cutters & Corn Shellers* are warranted, especially, and when not fully equalling the representation may be returned. Orders are solicited from this and adjoining counties.

Sept. 18, 1857.

Executors' Notice,

LETTERS Testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, upon the Estate of Dan'l. Wisgarver, dec'd. late of Bedford township—notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to call and settle the same, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. C. WISEGARVER,
A. J. WISGARVER,
Executors.

Sept. 18, 1857.

FOR SALE

AT THE MACHINE SHOP in Bedford, ONE DRILL (Moore's Patent) warranted a superior article. Price moderate.

PETER H. SHIRES.

Sep. 11, '57. 3t.*

NOTICE.

ALL persons interested are hereby notified that the citizens of St. Clairsville, in the county of Bedford, made application to the Court of Quarter sessions of said county for a Charter of Incorporation, which said application having been read and filed among the records of said court, will be held over for final consideration until November Sessions, 1857 when objections (if any) will be heard and a final decree made in the premises.

By the Court.
MANN & SPANG,
Sep 11, '57. Atty's for applicants.

MORE NEW GOODS.

A. B. CRAMER & CO. have just opened another supply of SUMMER GOODS, rendering their assortment very complete. Beautiful new-style Calicoes, Barage Robes, handsome White Crape and Stella Shawls, Brilliants, &c. —Superior French Cassimeres and striped Satteens for Mens' Wear; also a full supply of Carpetings, Groceries, Mackerel, Herring, &c.

☞Country Produce wanted, and good prices will be given. Call and see our Stock and learn the prices.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

June 26, 1857.

PUBLIC SALE,

Of Very Valuable Real Estate.

ALL that property in Somerset county, known in part as the Imhoff property, and now belonging to the estate of John Keeffe, deceased, and which was advertised by the subscriber in the Bedford and one of the Somerset papers of last December and January, and not sold—will again be offered for sale on

Wednesday, the 7th day of next October,

altogether or in parts as may best suit the several interests of the heirs.

Conditions of sale made known at the time, and at the house on said property, now occupied by Jacob Ringler, by

SAMUEL BROWN,
Surviving Executor of the last will and testament of John Keeffe, dec.

Sep. 11, '57.

☞Somerset Democrat, copy and charge "Gazette."

FOR SALE—At the Bedford Springs, a quantiy of Cement in barrels.

Sep. 18, '57.—tf.

PUBLIC SALE OF

Valuable Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises in Southampton township, on Saturday the 3d day of October next, the following described real estate, viz:

One tract of land on "Ragged Mountain" containing 57½ ACRES, adjoining lands of Thomas Lawhead, Mary Ann Buxton, Edward Northcraft, and the undersigned.

—ALSO—

One HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND in Chaneysville, the house being a story and a half frame house, with store room adjoining—ALSO, a frame stable thereon erected, together with other out buildings.

Terms—CASH—at confirmation of sale at November Court.

DAVID WALTER,
Ex'r of Samuel Walter, deceased.

Sep. 11, 57.

Notice.

THE subscribers would inform all persons interested in their books or papers, that said books &c., will be in the hands of J. H. Schell for thirty days, after which they will be left in the hands of an officer for collection.

M. SCHELL & SON.

THE subscribers have on hand an excellent lot of White Pine and Spruce Boards, also a lot of White Pine Shingles, which they will sell low.

Sept. 11, 1857.

For Sale.

ONE Farm of 213 acres in Friend's Cove, about four miles from the Bedford Springs. The land is limestone, and is one of the surest Farms for a winter crop, in the Cove. The improvements are commodious and convenient. There is an abundance of excellent fruit upon the premises. About 125 acres cleared, and the balance well timbered. Terms easy or hard to suit purchasers.

ALSO

80 acres or thereabouts of timber land; a part of the Vickroy Estate, called "Sugar Bottom" in St. Clair township.

The land, as well as the Timber is not surpassed by any in the County, and lays in sight of a Saw-Mill. There is one field of this tract cleared, and containing a fine lot of fruit. Terms as above.

ALSO

800 acres of land in Iowa.

ALSO

120 acres in Morrison county, Minnesota Territory.

ALSO

A lot of Real Estate in Nebraska Territory.

A good opportunity is presented for making investments.

O. E. SHANNON.

Bedford, Sept. 11, 1857.

To the old Patrons of the Bedford Gazette.

During the long period of our connection with the 'Gazette,' (25 years) we never once, either directly or indirectly, *dunned* our subscribers—never published even an *anecdote* touching delinquents. And now, that we have disposed of the establishment, we feel confident that ALL our friends, both at HOME and ABROAD, will promptly and at once make *settlement*. To such as desire indulgence, any reasonable time will be given, provided they settle promptly. Subscribers or advertisers who have paid in advance, have credit on the books of our successors for the amounts so paid. Of one thing we feel especially proud, and that is that no paper in Pennsylvania can boast of a nobler set of patrons than the subscribers to the *Bedford Gazette*, among whom we rank many of our political opponents.

GEO. W. BOWMAN.

Aug. 28, 1857—3t.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

THE Teachers and Directors of the Common Schools of Bedford county, are hereby notified that the county Superintendant will meet with them in their respective Districts, as follows:

Napier, at the shool house in Schellsburg, September the 26th.
Schellsburg Borough, in the evening of the 26th.
Juniatta, at Buena Vista on the 28th.
St. Clair, at the eight square school house on the 29th.
Union, at the school house near John's Fieke's dwelling on the 30th.
Middle Woodberry, at Woodberry, on the 1st day of October.
South Woodberry, at Pattonsville on the 2d. Oct.
Harrison, at Kiser's school house on the 5th.
Londonderry, at Bridgeport on the 6th.
Cumberland Valley, at the house of John May on the 7th.
Southampton, at Chaneysville on the 8th.
Monroe, at Clearville, on the 9th.
Bedford township, at the house of John Hafer on the 10th.
Friend's Cove, at the brick church, on the 14th.
East Providence, at the house of John Nycum Sr. on the 15th.
West Providence, at Bloody Run (new school house) on the 16th.
Hopewell, at the school house near Dasher's store on the 19th.
Broad Top, at Hopewell, on the 20th.
Liberty, at Stonerstown on the 21st.
Bedford borough, at the office of John P. Reed, Esq. on the evening of the 24th.

Teachers and directors in particular, and the public in general are respectfully requested to attend.—Business of importance relative to the interests of the schools will be transacted at each place. No private examinations will be granted, excepting unavoidable cases.

HENRY HECKERMAN,
County Superintendent.

Sep. 4, 1857.

Gift and Retail Book Store!

NOW OPENED TWO DOORS WEST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL BEDFORD, PA.

NEW AND VALUABLE BOOKS TO BE DISPOSED OF IMMEDIATELY!

Our plan is to Insure a Rapid Sale.

ALL Books will be sold as low as the usual retail prices—many of them for less. A SUPERB GIFT will be delivered with each book, without additional expense to the buyer. Our list of books comprises the works of the best American and European authors, bound in various styles, in Morocco, best Turkish, Antique, Gilt-edged, Muslin, Paper, &c. &c. We keep on hand, also, STATIONARY, including Gold Pens and Pencils, Silver ditto, letter paper, fools-cap and writing paper of all kinds, envelopes, inks of the best quality, &c.

CIGARS of the choicest brands will also be found at our store, which will be sold cheaper than the cheapest.

McCAUSLIN & SHOEMAKER.

Bedford, Sep. 4, 57.

If you want a superior article of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, or Slippers, call at the Cheap Shoe and General Variety Store of Adam Ferguson in Julianna Street, where a large assortment of useful and fancy Goods are always to be found.

Bedford, July 10, 1857.

For the Gazette.

Campaign Song.

Air:—*Camptown Races.*

The Bedford Democrats sing this song,
Du da, du da,
Of Packer, Strickland, Thompson and Strong,
Du da, du da, da,
They're bound to run all night,
They're bound to run all day;
They'll make the Black Republic ans
And K.N.'s clear the way.

They'll sweep the Keystone race-track o'er,
Du da, du da,
From Delaware's to Erie's shore,
Du da, du da, da.
They're bound to run, &c.

They'll leave poor Wilmot's "woolly horse,"
Du da, du da,
Far, far behind them on the course,
Du da, du da, da.
They're bound to run, &c.

For they're the men, the people say,
Du da, du da,
Will win on next election day,
Du da, du da, da.
They're bound to run, &c.

They'll likewise "lay out" Hazlehurst,
Du da, du da,
Whom all the Wilmot men have cursed,
Du da, du da, da.
They're bound to run, &c.

And Bucher Swoope and all the "Straights,"
Du da, du da,
Will envy them their happy fates,
Du da, du da, da.
They're bound to run, &c.

For they're the men, the people say,
Du da, du da,
Will win on next election day,
Du da, du da, da.
They're bound to run, &c.,

—Eleven persons, men, women and boys were arrested in New York on Monday for passing a new counterfeit $3 on the Hudson county Bank Jersey City.

—James A. Fitzsimmons, of Pottsville, was robbed of jewelry, &c., to the amount of $1,100, a few days since by his son, who has been arrested.

In New York, yesterday, the notes of the Ontario County Bank, and the Bank of Orleans, at Albion N. Y. were thrown out by the redemption bank—both having failed.

Col. Samuel D. Patterson, a veteran of the press, has taken charge of the editorial department of the *Norristown Register*, and this week the paper appears with a new heading, new types, and other important improvements. It is the old *Register* rejuvenated. Long may it wave!—*Reading Gazette.*

Mr. Hazlehurst Will Not Decline.—The Black Republican leaders last year persisted in their lying effort to impress the public with the belief that Mr. Fillmore would decline before the day of election would arrive, and some of them are even now reckless enough to represent that he actually did decline, but that his declination was suppressed. The same game of deception is now again being attempted to be practised in regard to Mr. Hazlehurst. We learn that these leaders have lying scoundrels, who are of course, paid for their services, travelling about stating positively that Mr. Hazlehurst either had already or soon would, decline being a candidate. The whole story is a deliberate and willful falsehood. Mr. Hazlehurst has not and *will not* decline. He is in the field as the American candidate, and will remain there until the close of the election. On this point we speak positively and *authoritatively.*—*Daily News.*

MARRIED:

On the 13th inst., by the Rev. C. F. Hoffmeier, Mr. Josiah Nycum, to Miss Juliana Diehl, all of Charlesville, Bedford county, Pa.

On the 13th inst., by Jas. Cessna, Esq., Mr. Jacob Wertz to Miss Catharine Smith, all of Cumberland Valley.

DIED.

On the 12th inst., Jacob Fetter, aged 70 years 10 months and 27 days.

Attention Bedford Riflemen!

YOU are ordered to meet at your usual place of training on Saturday the 19th September, next, at 10 O'clock A. M., in Summer uniform. A full turn-out is desired.

By order of the Captain.
WM. RITCHEY, O. S.

Sep. 4. '57-3t.

Orphans' Court Sale of Real Estate.

On Saturday September, 12, 1857.

In Somerset County, Allegheny Township,

LATE THE PROPERTY OF HUGH SPROAT Dec. THERE will positively be sold on the premises, on Saturday the 12th, September, at one o'clock P. M. the following real estate, viz: A plantation and tract of land, late the property of decedent, containing 330 acres more less; 125 acres cleared. The land is of good quality, well watered and under fence. There is also, a fine young orchard of apples and peaches on the premises. Any person wishing a good and cheap property will find it to their advantage to attend on the day of sale. Terms Cash.

MARY SPROAT,
G. W. BENFORD.
Ad'mrs.

Sep. 4, '57.

Estate of James Walter, deceased.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of decedent, late of Southampton township—notice is hereby given to all person indebted to said estate to call and settle the same, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated.

DAVID WALTER, Ex'r.

Sep. 4, 57.—6t.

20 Sacks of G. A. Salt, for sale at SHOEMAKER'S Colonade Store.

Aug. 14, 1857.

The Bedford Gazette.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT HOPEWELL.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats of Hopewell and vicinity, was held at that place on Thursday, the 10th inst.—It was organized by the appointment of Edward Pearson, Esq., President—Richard Langdon, Thomas W. Horton, John Nelson, Jacob Fluck and Jacob Diehl, Esqrs., Vice Presidents, and R. Mosen and Jas. Horton, Esqrs., Secretaries, all of whom took their seats.

The meeting was then addressed in an able manner by Hon. Wm. P. Schell, General. Bowman, and Major S. H. Tate

One of the many gratifying incidents that took place at this meeting was the noble conduct of Richard Langdon, Esq., an Old Line Whig, who came forward and acted as a Vice President.

It is worthy of note that Mr. Langdon was named as an officer of the Wilmot meeting, on Tuesday night, of Court week, but did not serve. His manly and straight forward course will meet with the approbation of every honest man in the county.

After the speeches were over, the meeting adjourned, every Democrat present feeling confirmed in his political faith, and refreshed in his veneration for the principles of his party.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY AT WOODBERRY.—On Saturday last, a Democratic meeting was held in the town of Woodberry, at which upwards of one hundred citizens of that place and the adjacent country, were in attendance. The meeting was called to order by Major Patton, of Pattonsville, on whose motion, Dr. Samuel Smith, was appointed President,—George Potter, John Wisegarver, David Diltz, David Brown and Patrick Burns, Esqrs., Vice Presidents—and Zachariah Wolfe and David Working, Esqrs., Secretaries. G. H. Spang, Esq., was then called out, and addressed the meeting in a logical, eloquent and forcible speech, carrying conviction home to the minds of all who heard him. Mr. Spang was followed by B. F. Meyers, who addressed the meeting in both the English and German languages. The crowd present were full of enthusiasm, interrupting the speakers, with frequent bursts of applause. The meeting closed with three hearty cheers for the State and County Tickets.

"THE LOST DAUGHTER AND OTHER TRUE STORIES OF THE HEART," is the title of a new posthumous work of the late lamented and distinguished authoress, Caroline Lee Hentz. It will be published by T. B. Peterson, No. 306, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, complete in one large duodecimo volume, neatly bound in cloth, for $1.25 per copy, or in two volumes, paper cover, for $1.00. The book will be ready for sale on the 26th inst. The *same* publisher has also in press, Mrs. Hale's Receipts for the Million, being *a complete Family Guide and household directory*, containing 800 pages of receipts, &c., bound in cloth. Price, $1 25 per copy.

WE WERE SHOWN, a few days ago, a drawing of the plan of the new building about to be erected immediately opposite the *Gazette* office, by Col. E. L. Anderson. The plan is a very tasteful one, and is drawn in beautiful style. Dr. Hickok is the artist. The erection of the building in question, will be a great improvement to the locality in which it is to be situated, and for which the enterprise of Col. Anderson, certainly deserves much praise.

MAJ. TALIAFERRO, military store-keeper at Fort Leavenworth, K. T., returned to his old home in this town, a few days ago. We are sorry to learn that the Major is in feeble health, and that it was owing to this cause that he left the Territory. He brings us Kansas papers of a late date, for which he will please accept our thanks. Everything was quiet in the Territory when he took his departure.

WE ATTENDED a mass meeting of the Democrats of Cumberland Valley, in the town of Centreville, in that township, on Tuesday last. There was a large attendance, and every thing passed off finely. We will give the particulars next week, as they are crowded out of this number.

AN ADDRESS will be delivered at the lecture room of the Presbyterian Church, by Dr. Hickok, to the Teachers attending the Teachers School, in the evening of the 24th inst. at 7 o'clock. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

A LARGE AND SPIRITED meeting of the Buchanan Club was held at the usual place of meeting, on Saturday evening last. Speeches were made by messrs. Schell and Bowman.

THE CORNER HOUSE fronting on Pitt and Juliana streets, and owned by Mr. David Mann, is about being fitted up for a *Fancy Store.*

SERGEANT MAJOR BECKER, U. S. A., at present staying in our town. The Sergeant is well known in this community, and is highly respected by all who are acquainted with him.

OUR THANKS are due to Hon. J. Glancy Jones, for a copy of the "Address and Correspondence of the Democratic State Committe."

THE BEDFORD SPRINGS COMPANY, after an unusually successful season, closed their hotels on Monday last.

MRS. CUNNINGHAM BURDELL has been released on bail.

RUFUS W. GRISWOLD, the Author and Compiler is dead.

HON. G. G. DUNN, M. C. from Indiana, a man of brilliant talents, died last week.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post office at Bedford, Pa., Aug., 25th, 1857. Persons calling for letters in this list, will please say they are adver sed.

Arnold Elizabeth, Adams Jacob, Baker John esq., Boels John, Bay James C. Esq., Blodget John A. Biddle Margrat Miss, Brownbre M. Miss, Crosbroy W. Conelly Isaac, Esq. Casy Samuel, Clark John, Davis Mary Miss, Dale William Esq, Dively Susanna. Mrs Ely Jacob Esq., Flynn Michael, Flonk Samuel, Griffith Samuel, Griffith W. Gibbins W, P, Gladden Jacob, Hilabrant Shadrick, Huber Guttlieb, Hamilton John, Harshbarger S. E. Hall Jacob, Esq, Klass Valentine Lenshrevin Mathias, Long Joseph C. Louther A, J, 2 Longernecker R. Lowrey J G Esq, Lafferty John, Lewis Jane N Mrs, Lawrence Dillany, Londerbaugh John, Leynsrn A D, Means Margaret, Miller Joseph Mahomett Jeremiah, Mill Ephan, Miller Jusrar, Poorbaugh P. Pulton W. 2, Kisling Lewis, Schluchre John G, Stouffer Davis, Summers John, Shunefeter Josiah, Jr. Simes Juliann, Tukesbrey Rocert J, Tyson John W, Wark Mary E, Warmen Ruth, Woodruff Caleb L. Esq:

JOHN A MOWRY, P M.

Sep. 4, '57

NEBRASKA TAKEN!

50,000 RUSSIANS SLAUGHTERED!!

TIN AND COPPERSMITH BUSINESS!!!

THE subscriber having commenced the above business in Pattonsville, Bedford county, would respectively inform the public, that he is prepared to furnish

TIN COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE,

on the most accommodating terms—ALSO, Stove Pipe at 12½ cents per pound; and spouting at 11 cents cash per foot; this being cheaper than can be had at any other establishment in the place or neighborhood.

Having a thorough knowledge of the business, and determined to spare no pains to please all who may give him a call, he hopes to receive a liberal share of a generous public.

Aug. 14, '57. CHARLES T. BLAKE.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL SCHOOL, AND FEMALE SEMINARY.

Male and Female Departments Distinct.

Rev. Geo. W. Aughinbaugh, A. M., *Principal.*
Mrs. Geo. W. Aughinbaugh, *Preceptress.*

Miss Cornelia A. Evarts, Music, French, Drawing, &c.

Mrs. Lucy Spottswood, Oil, Painting and Shell Work.

Miss Mary Helen Smith, Assistant.

THE duties of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, Aug. 31st Owing to the limited accommodations of the Seminary Building, the number of pupils will be limited. It is important therefore, that applications for admission be made at an early day. Those who enter before the expiration of half the quarter, will be charged for the whole quarter; those who enter after the expiration of half the quarter, will be charged for half the quarter. No deduction made for absence except in cases of *protracted* liness.

In this school Students are prepared for the higher classes of any College, or to enter at once upon the active duties of life. Whilst special care is taken to form in our pupils habits of *order, strict punctuality* and *thoroughness*, their Physical, Moral and Social Education is not neglected.

The government of the school is designed to be parental. It is the aim of the Principal and his associates to excite in their pupils a love of *right doing*; and to awaken within them some proper consciousness of the dignity of humanity. Parents may rest assured that any *gross* delinquency on the part of their children will be reported to them immediately, should circumstances require it, or the discipline of the school fail to accomplish the desired reformation.

TERMS per quarter of 11 weeks, including Board, Tuition, Furnished Room, Washing, Light and Fuel, $10,00—one-half in advance.

EXTRA CHARGES.

Music,	$10 00
Use of Instrument,	2 00
French,	5 00
Drawing and Painting in Water Colors, each,	5 00
Oriental Painting,	5 00
Grecian Painting,	5 00
Oil Painting,	10 00
Ornamental Needle Work,	5 00
Shell Work,	5 00

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS.

Elementary English,	$1 00
Higher, "	4 00
Classics,	6 25

Bedford, August 14, 1857.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON the head waters of Dunning's Creek, in Bedford County, Pa. The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on TUESDAY the 20th Oct. next, being the first Tuesday after the election, on the premises, in St. Clair Township, several adjoining and contigious tracts of land, containing in all 871 Acres, now divided into 5 tracts, 4 thereof containing 156 acres each, and the other being the Saw-mill tract, containing 250 acres. These tracts will be sold as they are, or subdivided to suit purchasers.

The Saw-Mill tract contains a FIRST CLASS SAW-MILL, with a never failing head of Water, and is in the midst of a TIMBER REGION, unsurpassed for the quality of timber. One other of the tracts contains an enviable site for a TAN YARD, with all the advantages of WATER, and along side of Chestnut Ridge, where the resources for BARK are inexhaustible at $2 50 per Cord.

300 acres of the land is bottom land, mostly covered by large Sugar Trees. 300 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance well timbered.

There are *FOUR DWELLING HOUSES* upon the premises, and FOUR BARNS, with other outbuildings.

The FRUIT is choice and in abundance, upon some of these tracts.

This property lies 12 miles North of Bedford, and in a country noted for its good roads, leading North, South, East and West, to Bedford, Hollidaysburg, Johnstown and other points, on the Penna. Central Rail Road.

Farmers, Lumber men, Tanners and Speculators should examine the premises, as the undersigned is determined to sell, on account of being too largely engaged in other business, to give these fields of enterprise, the proper care and attention.

TERMS:—One third in hand on the 1st of April, 1858, when possession will be given, and the ballance in two equal annual payments, without interest. The title is warranted good.

☞Drafts will be had on day of sale, or can be seen with the undersigned in Bedford at any time, showing the shape and locality of the lands.

NICHOLAS LYONS.

Aug. 21, 1857.

WM. SHAFFER,

Merchant Tailor,

Continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches, at his old stand in Julianna st. and is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their custom, on reasonable terms. He constantly keeps on hand a large assortment of ready-made Clothing of a good and substantial quality. And, having in store a choice selection of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Drillings, &c. &c. he invites all in want of Clothing to give him a call, as he feels confident he can please all who do so.

Bedford, July 3, 1857.

Notice.

The subscriber being much annoyed and damaged by fishers and hunters, running over his property is determined to put a stop to the same; he therefore hereby cautions all such persons, that if found trespassing upon his farms, by either fishing or hunting, he will bring suit immediately against them.

Aug. 28, 1857. HENRY HORN.

PROCLAMATION OF General Election.

WHEREAS in and by an Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give public notice of said Elections, and to enumerate in said notice what Officers are to be elected, I, HUGH MOORE, Sheriff of the County of Bedford, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the Electors of the County of Bedford, that a General Election will be held in said County, on the second Tuesday (13th) of October 1857, at the several election districts, viz:

The Electors of the Borough of Bedford and township of Bedford, to meet at the Court House in said borough.

The Electors of Broadtop township to meet at the School House in the town of Hopewell.

The Electors of Colerain township to meet at the house of Benjamin Kegg, in Rainsburg in said township.

The Electors of Cumberland Valley township to meet at the new School House erected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said township.

The Electors of Harrison township to meet at school house number 5, near the dwelling house of Henry Keyser in said township.

The Electors of Juniata township to meet at Keyser's school house in said township.

The Electors of Hopewell township to meet at the School House near the house of John Dasher in said township.

The Electors of Londanderry township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. H. Hill as a shop, in Bridgeport, in said township.

The Electors of the township of Liberty to meet at the School house in Stonerstown in said township.

The Electors of Monroe township to meet at the house of James Carnel in Clearville, in said township.

The Electors of Schellsburg borough to meet at the brick School house in said borough.

The Electors of Napier township to meet at the house built for a school house in the borough of Schellsburg.

The Electors of East Providence township to meet at the house of John Nycum jr., innkeeper in said township.

The Electors of Snake Spring township, to meet at the school house, near the Methodist church on land of George Hartly.

The Electors of West Providence township, to meet at the new log school house at Bloody Run in said township.

The Electors of St. Clair township to meet at the store near the dwelling house of Gideon Trout in said township.

The Electors of Union township to meet at the house of Michael Wyant in said township.

The Electors of South Woodberry township to meet at the house of Samuel Oster near Noble's mill in said township.

The Electors of Southampton township to meet at the house of Wm. Adams in said township.

The Electors of the township of Middle Woodberry to meet at the house of Henry Fluke in the village of Woodberry; at which times and places the qualified Electors will elect by ballot:

ONE PERSON for Governor of the Commonwealth.

ONE PERSON for Canal Commissioner of the Commonwealth.

TWO PERSONS for Judges of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth.

ONE PERSON in conjunction with the counties of Somerset and Huntingdon, to fill the office of Senator, to represent the counties of Bedford, Somerset and Huntingdon in the Legislature of the Commonwealth.

TWO PERSONS, in conjunction with the county of Somerset, to fill the office of Members of the House of Representatives, to represent the counties of Bedford and Somerset in the House of Representatives.

ONE PERSON for the office of Prothonotary and Clerk to the Orphans' Court for the county of Bedford.

ONE PERSON for the office of Sheriff of said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Treasurer for said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of Commissioner for said county.

ONE PERSON for the office of poor house director.

ONE PERSON for the office of Auditor for said county.

The election to be opened between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock in the forenoon, by public proclamation, and to keep open till 7 o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN:

That every person, excepting Justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, agent who is or shall be employed under the legislature, executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time the office or appointment of Judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3d, 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:—

"That the inspectors and judges, shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before 8 o'clock in the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected judge shall not attend then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge, in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters for the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill such a vacancy.

It shall be duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special, or township election during the whole time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors, and judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid tax.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless: First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, or in a failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word 'age' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such a vote shall be called ont to the clerks, who shall make the like note in the lists of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners, and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove in the district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and to be imprisoned for any time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election with the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

NOW THEREFORE, be it known, by an Act of the Legislature of this Commonwealth, entitled "An Act Prescribing the Time and Manner of Submitting to the People, for their ratification and rejection, the proposed Amendments to the Constitution," approved May twelfth, Anno Domino one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, it is provided as follows, to wit:—

Section 1. That, for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the citizens of this Commonwealth in regard to the adoption or rejection of said amendments, or either of them, the Governor of this Commonwealth shall issue a writ of election, directed to the Sheriff of each and every County of this Commonwealth, commanding them to give notice in the usual manner, in not less than two newspapers in each County, (provided that so many are published therein,) that an election will be held in each of the townships wards and districts therein, on the second Tuesday of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, for the purpose of deciding upon the adoption or rejection of the said amendments, or any of them; which said election shall be held at the places, and opened and closed at the time at and within which the General Election of this Commonwealth are held, opened and closed; and it shall be the duty of the Judges, Inspectors and Clerks of each of said townships, wards and districts, to receive at the said election, tickets, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from citizens duly qualified to vote for Members of the General Assembly, and to deposit them in a box or boxes to be for that purpose provided by the proper officers; which tickets shall be respectively labelled on the outside, "First Amendment," "Second Amendment," "Third Amendment," and "Fourth Amendment," and those who are favorable to said Amendments or any of them, may express their desire by voting each as many seperate written or printed; or partly written or printed ballots or tickets, containing on the inside thereof the words "For the Amendments," and those who are opposed to such amendments, or any of them, may express their opposition by voting each as many seperate written or printed ballots or tickets, containing on the inside thereof the words, "Against the Amendments."

Section 2. That the election on the said proposed Amendments, shall, in all respects, be conducted as the General Elections of this Commonwealth are now conducted; and it shall be the duty of the return judges of the respective Counties and districts thereof, first having carefully ascertained the number of votes given for or against each of said amendments in the manner aforesaid, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words at length, and not in figures, only one of which returns so made shall be lodged in the Prothonotary's Office of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper County, and the other sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and by one of said Judges deposited forthwith in the most convenient Post Office.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at Bedford, on the Friday next following the holding of said election, then and there to perform those things required of them by law.

Given under my hand, at my office in Bedford, this 11th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and the 82d of Independence of the United States.

HUGH MOORE, *Sheriff.*

Sept. 11, 1857.

BANKING HOUSES OF JOHN T. HOGG.

BEDFORD,	BEDFORD CO,	Pennsylvania.
SOMERSET,	SOMERSET "	
MOUNTPLEASANT,	WESTMORE'D "	
CONNELLSVILLE,	FAYETTE CO.	
UNIONTOWN,	"	
BROWNSVILLE,	"	
NEW BRIGHTON,	BEAVER CO.	

Deposits received, Discounts made, Drafts bought, sold and collected. Bank notes and Specie bought and sold. Stocks, notes, and other securities, bought and sold on Commission. Correspondence and collections solicited.

Aug. 21, 1857.

☞NO HUMBUG.—H. H. HUTZ'S Celebrated Tetter Wash is the only safe and sure remedy ever discovered for curing the Tetter, Ringworm, and all eruptions of the skin. It is so infallible a remedy, that a perfect cure in all cases of Tetter is guaranteed, if attentively applied, In ordinary cases one bottle will be sufficient to perfect a cure. In bad cases, with a Tetter of long standing, more will be required. Price 25 cents per bottle. For Sale at Dr. Reamer's Drug Store, Bedford, Pa.

May 22, 1857—1y.

CHAIRS AND CABINET FURNITURE.

The subscriber has removed to the shop on West Pitt Street, recently occupied by William Ritchey as a Machine Shop, where he continues to make to order and keep on hand a general assortment of chairs and cabinet furniture; consisting in part of Spring Seat Parlor Chairs, French Rocking Chairs, Cane seat and Windsor, Sofas, Lounges, Ottomans, What-Nots, Music Stands, Fancy Parlor Tables, Breakfast, Dinner, and Extension Tables, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c. Suits of cottage-furniture at very moderate prices, so that it is within the reach of all to have nice, good, and fashionable furniture. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves, as it will be my desire to please all tastes.

N. B. Coffins will be made on the shortest notice for any who will favor him with a call.

ISAAC MENGEL, Jr.

May 29, 1857.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, at the residence of George B. Wisegarver in St. Clair township, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th of September next, the real estate upon which said George resides, consisting of the "Bixler property" and 50 acres adjoining, lately bought of John W. Crissman—in all containing 171 acres and allowance, of Patented land, 50 of which is good Bottom land, and all in a high state of cultivation—about 100 acres cleared and under good fence.

The improvements are a Log House, Double Log Barn and other out-buildings.—Terms easy to suit purchasers.

JOHN CESSNA,
G. B. WISEGARVER.

Aug. 14, 1857.

Mrs. S. E. Potts

Is just receiving and opening an elegant assortment of *Spring and Summer Goods*, embracing all the latest styles and patterns of Ladies Dress Goods, to which she invites their especial attention. Also a superior assortment of Trimmed and untrimmed Bonnets, Gaiters, Bootees, Slippers, Parasols, Skirts, Hosiery, Collars, Capes, &c. &c.

Bedford, April 24, 1857.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

The Elegant Assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Just received and opened at

REED'S CHEAP STORE IN BEDFORD

having created quite an excitement in our usually quiet town, the subscriber feels confident that he can exhibit such a stock of Goods as will meet the general wants of both town and country, at fair prices. As it will cost nothing to examine his Stock he invites all in want of either substantial or Dress Goods to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

JACOB REED.

May 1, 1857.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

The undersigned having just returned from the Eastern Cities, are now recieving a large and splendid assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting, in part, of Ladies Dress Goods, black and fancy Silks, plain and figured Delains, Poplins, Challies, Lawns, Brilliants, White Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c. &c. Sheeting, Crash, Muslins, Flannels, Tickings, fancy and union Casimeres, Cloths, and a general assortment of Mens and Boys Summer Ware of all discriptions, single and double CARPET Chain, all colors. Boots, Shoes and Hats in Great Variety, Hardware, Queensware, Brooms and Buckets, Groceries, Syrup, Molasses, white and brown Sugar, green and black Teas, Fish, Tobacco, Indigo, Spices, Dye stuffs, &c. &c. all of which will be sold cheap, as they are determined not to be undersold by any one. Thankful for past favors, they hope to receive a general share of the public patronage.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

April 17, 1857.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends, and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

To Clergymen and Superintendent's of Sabbath Schools.

We keep on hand the publications of the Am. S. S. Union, American Bible Society, American Tract Society, Presbyterian Board of Publication, Methodist Book Rooms, Massachusetts S. S. Union, Lutheran Board of Publication, Episcopal S. S. Union, and a great variety of standard Religious Publications suitable for Sabbath Schools.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

March 6, 1857.

NEW FIRM AT HOPEWELL.

The subscribers, trading and doing business under the Firm of Barndollar, Lowry & Co., would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have opened at the above place, and are daily receiving, a large stock of Merchandize, consisting in part of Muslins, Tickings, Osenbergs, Drills, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Cloths, Flannels, Delanes, French Merinos, Silks, Calicos, Hats & Caps. Hardware, Queensware, Boots & Shoes, and Groceries of all descriptions.

Also a large assortment of ready-made Clothing, all of which will be sold upon as short profits as can be had in the country.

Geo. R. Barndollar, John F. Lowry,
John C. Everhart. C. W. Ashcom.

Dec. 26, 1856—1y.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

BOOK BINDING STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the Public that he still continues to carry on the

BOOK BINDING,

in No. 8 of the Franklin Buildings Chambersburg; where all binding entrusted to his care will be punctually attended to, and bound with neatness and care.

He still continues to keep on hand a good assortment of Religious, Historical Miscellaneous Blank and School Books, Stationery &c., which he will sell on moderate terms.

THOS. W. WRIGHT.

Dec. 7, 1855.

FOR THE BEDFORD SPRINGS!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the traveling public that he has established between Latrobe, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the town of Bedford, a daily (Sundays excepted) line of

MAIL COACHES.

Passengers leaving Pittsburg at 6½ o'clock A. M., will arrive at Bedford same night; leaving the Washington Hotel, Bedford, at 6½ o'clock A. M., will arrive at Pittsburg same night.

A Hack will always be at the station at Latrobe, on the arrival of the Mail train from Pittsburg, to convey passengers and baggage to the Hotel.

Fare through from Pittsburg to Bedford, including Railroad Fare, $4. This line is on the old

PA. TURNPIKE,

leading from Pittsburg, by way of Chambersburg, to Philadelphia, passing through Youngstown, Ligonier, Stoystown and Schellsburg, and connecting with the Mail Line to Chambersburg.

This line is certainly the cheapest and best route to Bedford, and therefore the most advantageous to persons visiting that place.

JOSEPH A. GARMAN,
July 17, 1857—3m.* Proprietor.

WM. HENRY LEAS. SAMUEL HARSH.

LEAS & HARSH,

BANKERS AND LAND AGENTS,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

We buy and sell Eastern Exchange and Land Warrants—select and enter lands with cash and warrants—pay taxes—invest money—make collections and attend to all legal business generally.

ALSO,

LEAS & HARSH,

BANKERS & LAND AGENTS, LEAVENWORTH CITY, KANSAS.

One of the Partners has located in Leavenworth City and will transact all business connected with the Banking and Real Estate Business. For a few months yet, correspondents will address us at Des Moines.

REFERENCES.

W. S. Gilman. 90 Beaver st. New York.

Philadelphia.—Seiger, Lamb & Co. North 3d Street; James, Kent & Sautee, do.; Lefever & Serrill, do.; Drexill & Co. Bankers, do.

Washington City, D. C.—Hon. R. J. Atkinson, 3d Auditor, Treasury Department; Chubb & Bros. Bankers.

Carlisle, Pa.—Edward Shower, Hon. J. H. Graham.

Huntingdon, Pa.—Wm. B. Leas, David Blair, Esqrs.

Bedford.—Hon. Job Mann, Gen. Bowman.

Schellsburg.—Duncan McVicker, Esq.

March 20, 1857—1y.

JOSEPH W. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

HAS for Sale 10 Farms, and 12,000 acres of Coal- and unimproved land, in Bedford and Fulton counties. Also Lots in the town of Hamilton. Land sold in quantities to suit purchasers. Proposals for timber are invited from Lumbermen. Terms easy.

Aug, 7. 1857.—6m.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

Any person desirous of purchasing a well established and profitable Drug Store can hear of a first rate opening by addressing the editor of this paper.

July 17, 1857.

Bazin's fancy Toilet Soaps, Shaving Creams, &c. just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's cheap Drug Store.

Select Poetry.

TO AN ABSENT WIFE.

BY GEORGE D. PRENTICE.

'Tis morn—the sea breeze seems to bring
Joy, health, and freshness on its wing—
Bright flowers, to me all strange and new,
Are glittering in the early dew—
And perfumes rise from many a grove
As incense to the clouds that move
Like spirits o'er you welkin clear—
But I am sad—thou art not here.

'Tis noon—a calm, unbroken sleep
A soft haze, like a fairy dream,
Is floating over hill and stream—
And many a broad magnolia flower
Within its shadowy woodland bower
Is gleaming like a lovely star—
But I am sad—thou art afar.

'Tis eve—on earth the sunset skies
Are painting their own Eden dyes—
The stars come down, and trembling glow
Like blossoms in the waves below;
And, like some unseen spright, the breeze
Seems lingering like the orange trees,
Breathing in music round the spot.
But I am sad—I see thee not.

'Tis midnight—with a soothing spell
The far tones of the ocean swell
Soft as a mother's cadence mild,
Low bending o'er her sleeping child,
And on each wandering breeze is heard
The rich notes of the mocking bird
In many a wild and wondrous lay,
But I am sad—thou art away.

I sink in dreams—low, sweet, and clear,
Thy own dear voice is in my ear,
Around my cheek thy tresses twine,
Thy own loved hand is clasped in mine.
Thy own soft lip to mine is pressed,
Thy head is pillowed on my breast
O! I have all my heart holds dear,
And I am happy—thou art here.

RESOLUTION

PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the following amendments, are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as article eleven as follows:

ARTICLE XI.
OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

Section 1. The State may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amounts of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the General Assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty-thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

Section 2. In addition to the above limited power the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the State; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

Section 3. Except the debts above specified, in section one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by or on behalf of the State.

Section 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the Legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest of such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the State, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income and proceeds of sale of stock owned by the State, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the State, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in the extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

Section 5. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not, in any manner or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the Commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association or corporation.

Sec. 6. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

Section 7. The Legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution, to be designateted as Article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.
OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the Constitution, strike out the words, "*of the City of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties;*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the City of Philadelphia nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no;*" and strike out "*section four same article,*" and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"Section 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally throughout the State, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a seperate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a seperate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The Legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional section to the first article of said Constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

Section 26. The Legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the cftizens of the Commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injnstice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, *March* 27, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7; on the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

[Extract from the Journal.]
GEO. W. HAMMERSLY, *Clerk.*

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
April 29, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 78, nays 12; on the second amendment, yeas 57, ntys 31; on the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 23; on the fourth amendment, yeas 83, nays 7.

[Extract from the Journal.]
JACOB ZEIGLER, *Clerk.*

Filed in Secretary's office, May 2, 1857.
A. G. CURVIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
HARISBURG, *June* 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth," with the vote in each branch of the Legislature upon the final passage thereof, as appears from the originals on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Fleniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabbe, Creswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Creswell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Fleniken, Ingham, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins Wright and Taggart, *Speaker*,—23.

NAYS—messrs. Coffey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg, Harris, Killinger, Penrose and Schofield—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Crabbe, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fleniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Steel, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Creswell, Ely, Evans, Fleniken, Frazer Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, and Wright—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Finney, Jordan and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Galboun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Mumma, Kerr, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, Mussleman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petriken, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagonseller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Wright Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Bishop, Carty Dock, Gildea, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Jenkins, Kinght, Leisenring, M'Ilvain, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Roberts Struthers, Thorn, Walter, Warner, Wharton and Wintrode—22.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Backus, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Lebo; Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Mumma, Mussleman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petriken, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagonseller, Walter, Warner, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—83.

NAYS—Messrs. Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Struthers, Thorn, Wintrode and Wright—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, *June* 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journal of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the Session of 1857.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

A. G. CURTIN,
Aug. 1 *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Valuable Real

AND PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber, declining business, will sell, at Public Sale, on the premises, all his real and personal estate, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of October next; situate on the Juniata, Harman's Bottom, Juniata Township, Bedford Co., Pa.—The real estate consists of in and about 400 acres of Patented Land lying on both sides of the Juniata River, comprising fine meadow and rolling lands, about 300 acres cleared and under cultivation. The improvements are a first rate Stone Flouring Mill 45 feet square, 3 stories, running four stones, two French Burrs and doing an excellent business. This Mill is substantially built, well cemented and in good condition. Also an excellent Saw Mill in operation, besides other water power sufficient for a superior Mill. Stone Mansion House, Farm Tenant House, Farm House, Barns and Stables. Land extends about 1½ miles along the Juniata and is well watered with springs and wells, having also a fair supply of Fruit Trees. This property might be divided so as to make three convenient farms, with necessary improvements; is well situated in regard to markets, being within 28 miles of Cumberland, and 14 of Bedford, about 14 miles from the Glade Turnpike, and situated on the great "*Drover Road.*" From the droves quite an income has been and may be derived. Upon the whole this is a very valuable and desirable property upon which an energetic man can do a great business.

The subscriber will also sell all his personal property, consisting of 8 Horses, including several very valuable young Horses, Cows and young cattle, Sheep and Hogs—6 horse, four horse, and 2 horse wagons—7 Ploughs, Harrows, Horse Gears, and a large lot of farming utensils: Also House furniture and Kitchen utensils.—A quantity of Grain, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, &c.

The subscriber, residing on the premises, will be pleased to meet persons desiring to purchase at any time up to the day of sale, and will take pleasure in showing the premises, and will receive private offers of purchase, and in case of a suitable offer will conclude a contract of sale.

☞ TERMS—$3000 in hand, as may suit purchasers, and the balance will be made payable on the most accommodating terms, so much so that an enterprising man may be able to make them off the premises. Terms will be fully made known by calling on the subscriber.

The subscriber refers to Gen. Bowman and John P. Reed, Esq., of Bedford, from whom full particulars will be had. JACOB RIFFLE.

Juniata Tp., July 31, 1857.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

D. K. WUNDERLICH. B. F. NEAD

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞ They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

*** They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

As the season for chapped hands and faces is is coming on, we advise our friends to go to Dr. Harry's cheap Drug Store and purchase a box of Bazin's Amandine, for the prevention and cure of chapped hands. Only 37½ cents per box.

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

White Teeth and a *Perfumed Breath* can be acquired by using the *Balm of a Thousand Flowers* to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store.

A large assortment of Hair, Tooth and Clothes Brushes just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's.

WM. FOSTER,
WITH
BALDWIN, LINDERMAN & CO.

Importers and Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Goods, Looking Glasses, &c. No 84 North Third St., Philadelphia. All orders solicited and promptly attended to. Sept. 5, 1856.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.
Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞ Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞ Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞ Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

S. J. M'CAUSLIN,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

HAS removed his shop to his private residence, one door west of Wm. Stahl, where he is fully prepared to make all kinds of garments for Men and Boys in the most fashionable style, and on reasonable terms. Having had much experience in the business and being determined to use his best exertions to please, he hopes to receive a liberal share of the patronage of a generous public.

☞ Garments cut to order on the shortest notice.

Bedford, May 23, 1856.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER

Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Blymire & Hartley

WOULD announce to the public that they have just received and opened the most extensive assortment of Hardware and House Furnishing articles ever brought to Bedford, to which they invite the attention of purchasers. Their stock is comprised of so great a variety, that it is impossible to think of enumerating the articles in a newspaper advertisement. Let all who want a good article, at a small profit, call on us and they can be gratified.

March 20, 1857.

JACOB REED

TAKES pleasure in informing his customers and the public generally that he has received, within a few days past, a large supply of NEW GOODS, and a choice selection of GROCERIES, which he offers on the most reasonable terms, for cash or produce. Call and judge for yourselves.

March 20, 1857.

WALL AND BLIND PAPER.

Dr. B. F. HARRY is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our Spring selection with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

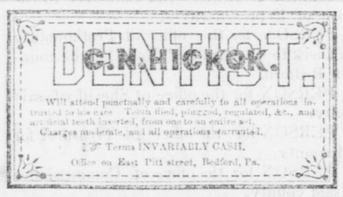
March 6.

IRON.—Blacksmith's and others are informed we have just received a large supply of Refined Iron—warranted best quality.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

BOOTS & SHOES.—The subscribers have just opened a large supply of Boots add Shoes, suitable for Fall and Winter.

A. B. CRAMER & Co.


G.N. HICKOK.
DENTIST.
Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations in the line of Dentistry. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.
Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.
☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.
Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts of Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washington Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN.
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

EVERHART, ASHCOM, & CO.
Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
HOPEWELL, PA.

The subscribers doing business under the Firm of EVERHART, ASHCOM, & Co., are now prepared to Store and Ship Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Merchandize upon reasonable terms.

They also keep on hand Plaster, Fish, Salt, Rock Powder, &c., to which they invite the attention of Merchants in the country and Farmers.

The highest cash prices paid for Flour and Grain that the Eastern Market will afford.

JOHN C. EVERHART, GEO. R. BARNDOLLAR,
C. W. ASHCOM, JOHN F. LOWRY.
Dec. 26, 1856—1y.

John P. Reed.

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞ Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM, containing 200 acres, more or less, in Franklin County, Pa., is offered for sale. Particulars can be had by inquiring of the subscriber in Bedford.

VALENTINE STECKMAN.

May 16, 1856.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

GETTYS' PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY!

Exchange Building, Bedford, Pa.,

Where Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c., &c., of every description, are executed in the latest styles and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, and gold and plated Lockets, at very low prices. and The public are respectfully invited to call examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Jr.

Notice

To the Citizens of Bedford County.

All Land Warrants to be executed by me, must be placed in my hands to be regularly filed in the office.

I will execute all warrants and orders of resurveys with promptness. Also, will attend to Job-work on call. I will be in Bedford the first week of every month, or oftener if required.—Address, Stonerstown, Bedford County.

SAML. KETTERMAN.

June 12, 1857.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania for the passage of an act of Assembly authorizing the incorporation of a Bank of Issue with general banking and discounting privileges, under the general banking laws of this State, to be located at the Borough of Bedford in the county of Bedford, and called "The Bedford County Bank," with a capital of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and with the privilege of increasing the same to the sum of four hundred thousand dollars.

E. L. ANDERSON,
WM. T. DAUGHERTY,
WM. P. SCHELL,
A. KING,
NICHOLAS LYONS,
SAMUEL L. RUSSELL.

Bedford, Pennsylvania, June 26, 1857.—tJ1

HOOPS—Brass & Whalebone. Skirt Hoops Just Received at Shoemaker's Colonade Store.

Aug. 21, 1857.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, respectfully announce to the public generally, that they are now prepared to furnish anything in their line at exceedingly low rates. We are now opening an elegant Stock of Hardware, Cutlery, House Furnishing Goods, Tin Japanned, Brass, French, and Brittania Ware, Willow, Cedar, and Pine Ware, Nails, Glass, Brushes, Putty, &c., &c. A large stock of TIN-WARE constantly on hand, of our own manufacture. Spouting and other work done, to order, as usual. STOVES of every description for wood or coal, of which we are just receiving some beautiful new patterns. Also Farm Implements in great variety, warranted as represented, the best and latest Inventions of the day. And, as we are every week receiving goods from Philadelphia, Baltimore, or Pittsburg, we will always endeavor to keep a full supply of everything in our line, or at least furnish any article required at a short notice.

We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Lead Pipe, Water and Pump Fixtures, at low rates. We cordially invite all to give us a call, and especially the Ladies, as we have nearly everything to make house keeping easy from a Needle to a Cooking Stove.

GEO. BLYMIRE.
WM. HARTLEY.

Oct. 3, 1856-1y.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAIL ROAD.

On and after Monday, March 2d, 1857, two passenger trains a day, each way, (except Sundays,) will run between HOPEWELL & HUNTINGDON.

Leaving Hopewell at 12.15 P M & 6.10 P M.
Arriving at Hopewell at 9.40 A M & 5.40 P M.
Connecting at Huntingdon with trains for East and West, via. Penn'a R. R.

THOS. T. WEIRMAN,
Huntingdon, Feb. 26, 1857. Sup't.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—A Great variety of Silks, Chalies, Lamertines, &c., to suit all tastes, at REED'S CHEAP STORE.

SUMMER WEAR.—150 pieces of Summer wear, comprising Linsies, Cotton and Woolen, at REED'S STORE.

May 15, 1857.

☞ WANTED, at SHOEMAKER'S Colonade Store, 5,000 pounds of WOOL, for which the highest price will be paid. June 5, '57.

☞ Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. ASHCOM, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

JUST RECEIVED—Boston Tea and Pic Nic Crackers, Swiss Cheese, Sardines in Oil, London Pickles, Mackenaw Trout, &c.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Just received at SHOEMAKER'S Colonade Store a large supply of Groceries.

Aug. 14, 1857.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

CORN SHELLERS, FODDER CUTTERS,
and Corn Mills.

☞ We but ask the Farmers to give these Machines a trial; and, if they are not good, and do not work as represented, they may be returned, and the money will be promptly refunded. Give them a trial—it will cost nothing—and, by having them you will save money.

BLYMIRE & HARTLEY.

Bedford, December 19, 1856.

A large assortment of Glass Preserve Jars, just received, at SHOEMAKER'S Colonade Store.

Aug. 14, 1857.

500 LOCAL AND TRAVELLING

AGENTS WANTED. Business paying from $80 to $150 per month. No humbug or chance business.—Permanent employment given and no capital required. For further particulars enclose postage stamps and address, A. SIMPSON, Exeter, N. H.

Aug. 7, '57-3m.

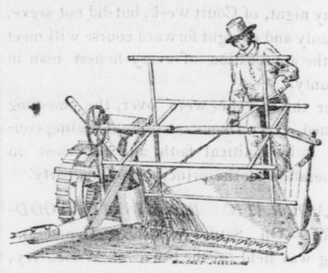
BEDFORD SPRINGS.

This property has, during the last year, passed into the hands of a company, who, in addition to the former buildings, have erected a handsome and commodious Hotel building, and two spacious bath-houses, and have ornamented and improved the grounds. The hotel buildings will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 16th of June inst, and kept open until the 1st of October. Passengers from Baltimore or Philadelphia reach the Springs in one day via Pennsylvania rail-road, the completion of the Broad-top Rail Road leaving but twenty miles of staging over a fine road. Mr. Willard, formerly of Washington city, and recently of the Burnet House, Cincinnati, will superintend the Hotel. To invalids, generally, the Bedford waters, in connection with the mountain air, are perhaps more highly beneficial than any other in the Union.

P. GOSSLER,
President Bedford Springs Company.

June 12, 1857.

Combined
REAPER AND MOWER.



Patented by J. H. MANNY, Sept. 22, 1851, April 12, 1852, June 21, 1853, March 29, 1854, Oct. 15, 1854, and by WALTER A. WOOD, 24th day of June and 1st day of July, 1856. The best combined MACHINE ever invented.

From the success of last year's operations I take pleasure in announcing this Machine to the Farmers for the next Harvest, and feel assured it will fully meet their highest expectations.—It is easily managed, cuts clean and easy, is of light draft, and readily changed from a Reaper to a Mower, and vice versa, requiring not more than a minute to make the change. The alterations from last year are as follows, viz:

All the Journals will be Case-hardened; the SHOES, GUARDS AND GEARING, will be built of the best Salisbury Iron, and wrought iron substituted for cast in several places. The Machine is made to mow lodged clover without obstruction, by simply removing four bolts and leaving off a part of the frame work. With these alterations and improvements the machine will be stronger than heretofore, when it was the only reliable COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER made.

The Machine is warranted capable of cutting from ten to fifteen acres of grass or grain per day, in a workman-like manner.

N. B. Parties manufacturing Reaping or Mowing Machines, using WOOD'S PATENTS, are cautioned against their further use, and are hereby notified that payment will be exacted to the full extent for the use heretofore made of them.

For further particulars the Farmers are respectfully invited to call upon **Blymire & Hartley,** Agents for Bedford County, Pa., who will furnish Pamphlets containing Certificates, &c.

For Sale by BLYMIRE & HARTLEY, Bedford, Pa.

E. K. PARSONS, Harrisburg,
General Agent for Eastern Pennsylvania.

May 15, 1857.

Bedford, May 8th, 1857.

Messrs. Blymire & Hartley:

Gentlemen:—I purchased one of Manny's Reaping and Mowing Machines last year. Its reputation being the highest, and having seen it cut grain to my entire satisfaction, I bought it after grain harvest. My hay was cut with it; and, from its admirable adaptation to the purposes intended—having fully equalled the representation—I am pleased to recommend it to the farmers of Bedford County as an excellent Mower and Reaper, believing it fully worth the price asked as a Mower alone.

JOHN WATSON.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has e'er been discovered by man,
Like that wonderful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers,"
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store.
March 6, 1857.

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can be had at Dr. Harry's.

Rousell's unrivalled Shaving Cream at Harry's.

Shryock & Smith,

Booksellers and Stationers, and dealers in Music and Musical Instruments, Chambersburg.

Our Stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall Paper, Blinds, French, German, and American Lithographs, and Steel Engravings, gilt Mouldings for Frames, etc. etc., whol-sale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 6.

W. HOERKENS,
UPHOLSTERER,

Would announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he is prepared to do all work in his line, in the best style, and on reasonable terms. MATRASSES, with or without Springs, made in a superior manner, equal to the best made in the city, and to this branch of his business he would invite especial attention. He may be found at the shop of Mr. John Border, near the residence of Maj. Washabaugh.

Bedford, Nov. 14, 1856.